

### EXON COMPANY, USA A DIVISION OF EXXON CORPORATION

# Lubricating

DATE ISSUED: SUPERSEDES DATE: 05/19/89

06/01/89

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. BOX 2180

HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180

# IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME

XD-3 EXTRA 15W-40

CHEMICAL NAME

Petroleum Lubricating Oil

PRODUCT CODE

211774 - 01774

CAS NUMBER

Complex Mixture

CAS Number not applicable

PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR Clear liquid, amber color Mild, bland petroleum odor

MEDICAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

(713) 656-3424

# COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

COMPONENTS

Lubricating Oil Base Stocks

CAS NO. OF COMPONENTS

**APPROXIMATE** CONCENTRATION

64742-54-7

Greater than 70%

64742-65-0 or

64742-55-8 and

72623-87-1

Proprietary additives

Mixture

Less than 30%

This product and all components are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

See Section E for Health and Hazard Information.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS)

See Section H for additional Environmental Information.

Health Flammability Reactivity

1

BASIS

Recommended by Exxon

EXPOSURE LIMIT FOR TOTAL PRODUCT

5 mg/m3 for oil mist in air

QSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.1000

5 mg/m3 for oil mist

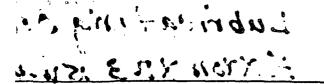
Recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

Recommended by Exxon 5 mg/m3 for mist in air

# C. PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY AND EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT

If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, call a physician.



#### KIN

In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

### NHALATION

Vapor pressure is very low. Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is normally not a problem. If overcome by vapor from hot product, immediately remove from exposure and call a physician. If breathing is irregular or has stopped, start resuscitation; administer oxygen, if available. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure until excessive oil mist condition subsides.

#### NGESTION

If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately.

# D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION

# LASH POINT (MINIMUM)

204'C (399'F)

ASTM D 92, Cleveland Open Cup

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE

Greater than 260°C (500°F)

# NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION Health Flammability Reactivity BASIS

1 1 0 Recommended by Exxon

### HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Use product with caution around heat, sparks, pilot lights, static electricity, and open flame.

### FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME IN AIR)

Estimated values: Lower Flammable Limit 0.9%

Upper Flammable Limit 7%

### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

From, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type of product, depending on size or potential size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate specialtists.

The following procedures for this type of product are based on the recommendations in the National Fire Protection Association's "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials", Eighth Edition (1984):

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish the fire. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapor, fumes or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

### DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS

fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

### "EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING

"Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. For work on tanks refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

THE LAND 43 50000 

Lubricating Oil EXXON XD-3 15-40W

XD-3 EXTRA 15W-40

# E. HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION

### VARIABILITY AMONG INDIVIDUALS

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons and synthetic lubricants pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of exposure) Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation.

### NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION

In accordance with the current OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, this product does not require a cancer hazard warning. This is because the product is formulated from base stocks which are severely hydrotreated, severely solvent extracted, and/or processed by mild hydrotreatment and extraction. Alternatively, it may consist of components not otherwise affected by IARC criteria, such as atmospheric distillates or synthetically derived materials, and as such is not characterized by current IARC classification criteria.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product tends to remove skin oils, possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis. However, based on human experience and available toxicological data, this product is judged to be neither a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria.

Continuous Contact with used motor oil has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Product contacting the eyes may cause eye irritation.

Product has a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

This product is judged to have an acute oral LD50 (rat) greater than 5 g/kg of body weight, and an acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) greater than 3.16 g/kg of body weight.

PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None Recognized

# F PHYSICAL DATA

The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

BOILING RANGE

IBP Approximately 302°C (575°F)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6 C/15.6 C)

0.89

MOLECULAR WEIGHT

Not determined

Essentially neutral

POUR, CONGEALING OR MELTING POINT

-24 C (-11 F)

Pour Point by ASTM D 97

VISCOSITY

14.3 cSt @ 100°C

VAPOR PRESSURE

Less than 0.01 mm Hg @ 20°C

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)

Greater than 5

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME

Negligible from open container in 4 hours # 38°C (100°F)

EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F)

(n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1) Less than 0.01

SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F)

Negligible; less than 0.1%

# G. REACTIVITY

This product is stable and will not react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite or calcium hypochlorite.

# H. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Recover free product. Add sand, earth, or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Minimize skin contact. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY BE USEFUL IN COMPLYING WITH VARIOUS STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES:

REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ). EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 302 (CERCLA Section 102) No RQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (TPQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 355 (SARA Sections 301-304) No TPQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313) No toxic chemical is present greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-312)

Acute EPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION CODE: Hazard

Hazard

Chronic Fire Pressure Hazard Hazard

Reactive Hazard

Not Applicable

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# I. PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS

### **VENTILATION**

Use local exhaust to capture vapor, mists or fumes, if necessary. Provide ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, flame or other ignition sources.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed.

### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

### EYE PROTECTION

Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

### OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

### WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidants.

In order to prevent fire or explosion hazards, use appropriate equipment.

Information on electrical equipment appropriate for use with this product may be found in the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (NFPA-70). This document is available from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.

### PERSONAL HYGIENE

Minimize breathing vapor, mist or fumes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing: launder or dry-clean before re-use. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before re-use; discard if oil-soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.

06/01/89 945-0277(MWH002) DATE ISSUED:



# J. TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA RELATED LABEL INFORMATION

### TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INFORMATION

For further information relative to spills resulting from transportation incidents, refer to latest Department of Transportation Emergency Response Guidebook for Hazardous Materials Incidents, DOT P 5800.3.

### DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Not applicable

### OSHA REQUIRED LABEL INFORMATION

In compliance with hazard and right-to-know requirements, the following OSHA Hazard Warnings should be found on a label, bill of lading or invoice accompanying this shipment.

(OSHA Hazard Warnings not applicable for this product; therefore, no OSHA warnings would appear on the label.)

Note: Product label will contain additional non-OSHA related information.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Exxon's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Exxon does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Exxon shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal council should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

The Environmental Information included under Section H hereof as well as the Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included by Exxon Company, U.S.A. in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with Exxon's interpretation of the available data.

# FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON HEALTH EFFECTS CONTACT:

DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A. P. O. BOX 2180 ROOM 3157 HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180 (713) 656-2443

### FOR OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION CONTACT:

MANAGER, MARKETING TECHNICAL SERVICES EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A. P. O. BOX 2180 ROOM 2355 HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180 (713) 656-5949

> DATE ISSUED: 06/01/89 SUPERSEDES DATE: 05/19/89

945-0277(MWH002)

Lubricating Oil-XD;

EXON COMPANY, U.S.A. A DIVISION OF EXXON CORPORATION

DATE ISSUED: SUPERSEDES DATE: 10/16/90

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.

P.O. BOX 2180

HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180

# IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME

XD-3 30

PRODUCT CODE 211730 - 01730

PRODUCT CATEGORY

Petroleum Lubricating Dil

PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR Clear, dark amber liquid Mild, bland petroleum odor

MEDICAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

(713) 656-3424

ECEIVED

NORTH EAST ISD SUSK MANAGEMENT DEPT

# B. COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

COMPONENTS

CAS NO. OF COMPONENTS APPROXIMATE CONCENTRATION

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

64742-54-7

Greater than 85%

paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed

heavy paraffinic

64742-65-0

Proprietary additives

Mixture

Less than 15%

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

See Section E for Health and Hazard Information.

See Section H for additional Environmental Information.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS)

Health Flammability Reactivity

BASIS Recommended by Exxon

EXPOSURE LIMIT FOR TOTAL PRODUCT

5 mg/m3 for oil mist (aerosol)

BASIS

DSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.1000

5 mg/m3 for oil mist (aerosol)

Recommended by the American Conference of Governmental

Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

5 mg/m3 for mist (aerosol) in air

Recommended by Exxon

# C. PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY AND EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

### EYE CONTACT

If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. Launder or dry-clean clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### INHALATION

Vapor pressure is very low. Vapor inhalation under ambient conditions is normally not a problem. If overcome by vapor from hot product, immediately remove from exposure and call a physician. If breathing is irregular or has stopped, start resuscitation; administer oxygen, if available. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure until excessive oil mist condition subsides.

#### INGESTION

If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately.

# D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION

### FLASH POINT (MINIMUM)

220°C (428°F)

ASTM D 92, Cleveland Open Cup

### AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE

Not determined

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION Health Flammability Reactivity BASIS

1 0

Recommended by Exxon

### HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Use product with caution around heat, sparks, pilot lights, static electricity, and open flame.

### FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME IN AIR)

Estimated values: Lower Flammable Limit 0.9%

Upper Flammable Limit 7%

### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Foam, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type of product, depending on size or potential size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate special tists.

The following procedures for this type of product are based on the recommendations in the National Fire Protection Association's "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials", Eighth Edition (1984):

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish the fire. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapor, fumes or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

### DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS

Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion.

### "EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING

"Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. For work on tanks refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

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# E HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION

### VARIABILITY AMONG INDIVIDUALS

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons and synthetic lubricants pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of exposure)
Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause skin irritation.

### NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION

In accordance with the current OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, this product does not require a cancer hazard warning. This is because the product is formulated from base stocks which are severely hydrotreated, severely solvent extracted, and/or processed by mild hydrotreatment and extraction. Alternatively, it may consist of components not otherwise affected by IARC criteria, such as atmospheric distillates or synthetically derived materials, and as such is not characterized by current IARC classification criteria.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product tends to remove skin oils, possibly leading to irritation and dermatitis. However, based on human experience and available toxicological data, this product is judged to be neither a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria.

Continuous contact with used motor oil has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Product contacting the eyes may cause eye irritation.

Product has a low order of acute oral and dermal toxicity, but minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

This product is judged to have an acute oral LD50 (rat) greater than 5 g/kg of body weight, and an acute dermal LD50 (rabbit) greater than 3.16 g/kg of body weight.

PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None Recognized

# F. PHYSICAL DATA

The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

BOILING RANGE

IBP Approximately 302°C (575°F)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6 C/15.5 C) 0.89

MOLECULAR WEIGHT Not determined

pH Essentially neutral

POUR, CONGEALING OR MELTING POINT -18°C (0°F) Pour Point by ASTM D 97

VISCOSITY

VAPOR PRESSURE Less than 0.01 mm Hg @ 20°C

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)
Greater than 5

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME
Negligible from open container
in 4 hours @ 38°C (100°F)

EVAPORATION RATE # 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F) (n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1)
Less than 0.01

SOLUBILITY IN WATER ₱ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 f) Negligible; less than 0.1%

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945-0277(MWH002)

# G. REACTIVITY

This product is stable and will not react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite, etc.

## H. ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Recover free product. Add sand, earth, or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Minimize skin contact. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas. Assure conformity with applicable governmental regulations.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MAY BE USEFUL IN COMPLYING WITH VARIOUS STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES:

REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 302 (CERCLA Section 102)
No RQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY (TPQ), EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 355 (SARA Sections 301-304) No TPQ for product or any constituent greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 372 (SARA Section 313) No toxic chemical is present greater than 1% or 0.1% (carcinogen).

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL REPORTING, EPA REGULATION 40 CFR 370 (SARA Sections 311-312)

Acute Chronic Fire Pressure Reactive Not Applicable EPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION CODE: Hazard Hazard Hazard Hazard Hazard Hazard

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# I. PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS

### **VENTILATION**

Use local exhaust to capture vapor, mists or fumes, if necessary. Provide ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air. No smoking, flame or other ignition sources.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed spaces, if needed.

### PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

### EYE PROTECTION

Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

### OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing, which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

### WORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidants.

In order to prevent fire or explosion hazards, use appropriate equipment.

Information on electrical equipment appropriate for use with this product may be found in the latest edition of the National Electrical Code (NFPA-70). This document is available from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269.

### PERSONAL HYGIENE

Minimize breathing vapor, mist or fumes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before re-use. Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before re-use; discard if oil-soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.

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DATE ISSUED: 08/01/91 SUPERSEDES DATE: 10/16/90

# J. TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA RELATED LABEL INFORMATION

### TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INFORMATION

For further information relative to spills resulting from transportation incidents, refer to latest Department of Transportation Emergency Response Guidebook for Hazardous Materials Incidents, DOT P 5800.3.

### DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

Not applicable

### OSHA REQUIRED LABEL INFORMATION

In compliance with hazard and right-to-know requirements, the following OSHA Hazard Warnings should be found on a label, bill of lading or invoice accompanying this shipment.

(OSHA Hazard Warnings not applicable for this product; therefore, no OSHA warnings would appear on the label.)

Note: Product label will contain additional non-OSHA related information.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Exxon's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Exxon does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Exxon shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof.

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use. If buyer repackages this product, legal counsel should be consulted to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included on the container.

The Environmental Information included under Section H hereof as well as the Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings have been included by Exxon Company, U.S.A. in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with Exxon's interpretation of the available data.

# FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON HEALTH EFFECTS CONTACT:

DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE
EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A.
KELLOGG TOWER, ROOM 550
P. O. BOX 2180
HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180
(713) 656-2443

### FOR OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION CONTACT:

MANAGER, MARKETING TECHNICAL SERVICES EXXON COMPANY, U.S.A. ROOM 2355 P. O. BOX 2180 HOUSTON, TX 77252-2180 (713) 656-5949

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